

ECON 7020
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Practice Problems

Problems from McCandless and Wallace:

Chapter 9 Exercises:
9.1-9.6

Problem 1. Take a two-period OLG model with production. Agents maximize their discounted stream of utility over the two periods of their life. The budget constraint of the young is given by: $c_t^h(t) = w(t)\Delta_t^h(t) - l^h(t) - k^h(t+1)$ and the budget constraint of the old is given by: $c_t^h(t+1) = w(t+1)\Delta_t^h(t+1) + r^l(t)l^h(t) + r^k(t+1)k^h(t+1)$. Suppose utility is given by $u_t^h = c_t^h(t)[c_t^h(t+1)]^\beta$. Also assume that factor markets are perfectly competitive and the production function is given by $Y(t) = \gamma(t)L(t)^{1-\alpha}K(t)^\alpha$. In addition, let the population be constant $N(t) + N(t-1) = 1$ for all t and $\gamma(t+1) = (1+g)\gamma(t)$.

- Derive the lifetime budget constraint (LBC) and state the no arbitrage condition. Why must the arbitrage condition hold in equilibrium?
- Derive the individual savings function for an arbitrary agent h .
- Define a perfect foresight competitive equilibrium.
- Using the fact that $L(t) = N(t)\Delta_t^h(t) + N(t-1)\Delta_{t-1}^h(t)$ solve for the steady state capital stock.
- Assuming $g > 0$ find the steady state growth rate of the capital stock. What is the growth rate of output?

Problem 2. Take the Ayagari (1994) model as discussed in class.

- How does he motivate the use of heterogeneous agent models as an alternative to representative agent models?
- Explain figures Ia and Ib in detail.

- c. Describe his solution method in detail. How does it differ from the approach discussed in class?
- d. What are the main results of the paper?

Problem 3. Consider the dynamic programming problem in Hansen and Imrohoroglu (1992):

$$V(m, s, \eta) = \begin{cases} \max_{m'} \left\{ U(m + (1 - \tau)\theta y - m', 1) + \beta \sum_{s'} \chi(u, s') V(m', s', 0) \right\}, & s = u \\ \max_{m'} \left\{ \max_{m'} \left\{ U(m + (1 - \tau)y - m', 1 - \hat{h}) + \beta \sum_{s'} \chi(e, s') V(m', s', 1) \right\}, \right. \\ \left. \pi(\eta) \left[\max_{m'} \left\{ U(m + (1 - \tau)\theta y - m', 1) + \beta \sum_{s'} \chi(e, s') V(m', s', 0) \right\} \right] \right. \\ \left. [1 - \pi(\eta)] \left[\max_{m'} \left\{ U(m - m', 1) + \beta \sum_{s'} \chi(e, s') V(m', s', 0) \right\} \right] \right\}, & s = e \end{cases}$$

subject to $m' \geq 0$.

- a. Explain, in detail, the Bellman equation above.
- b. Define a stationary competitive equilibrium.
- c. Describe how Hansen and Imrohoroglu (1992) solve for a stationary competitive equilibrium.
- d. Graph the policy function $m'(x)$ for different levels of current assets m across different values of the state vector x .
- e. What are the main results of their paper.
- f. Modify the Bellman equation to allow for continuous labor choice. How would this alter the main results of the paper?